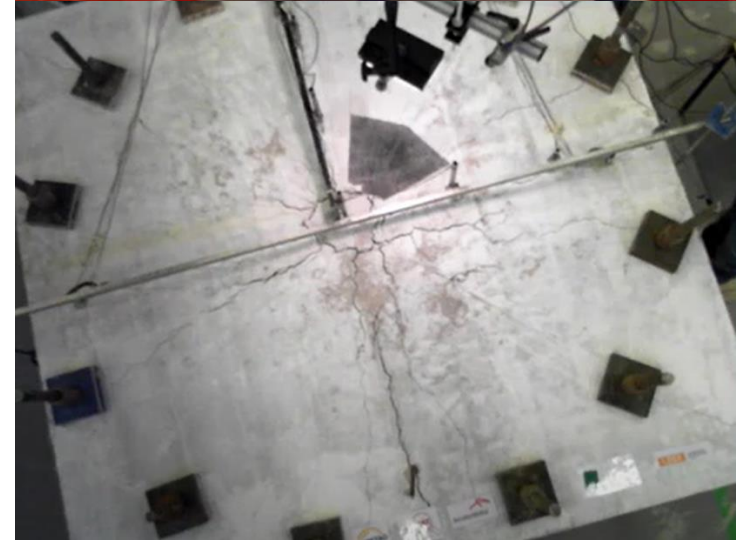


3rd Blind Simulation Competition

CEB-FIP workgroup WP 2.4.1

Simulation of slabs reinforced with conventional reinforcement and fibres subjected to punching loading configuration

Presentation on ABT submission
DOV lecture evening 7-2-2024





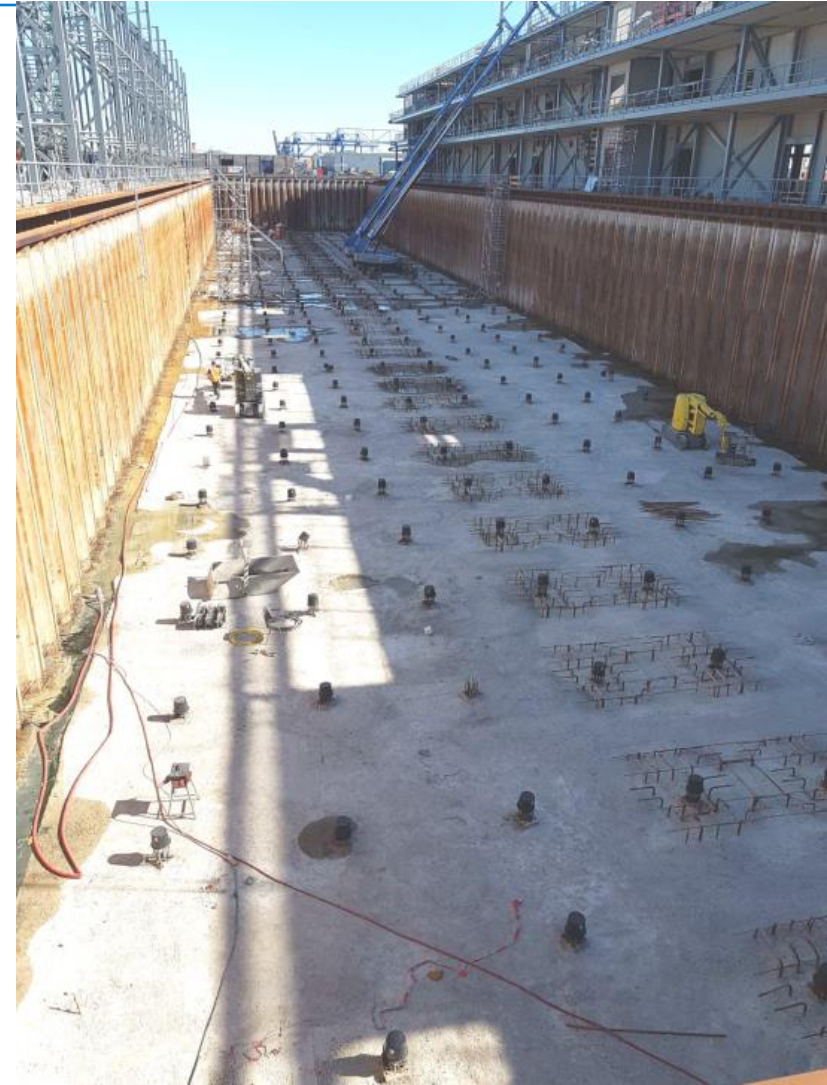
Lex van der Meer
l.vd.meer@abt.eu

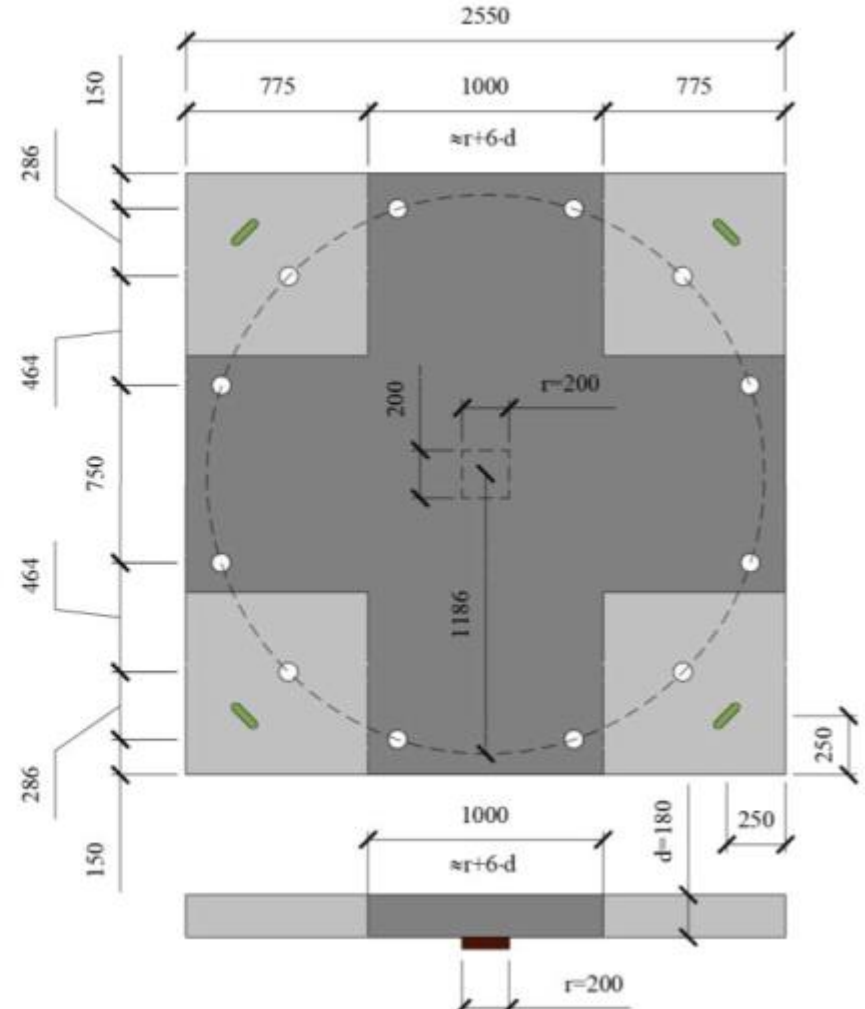


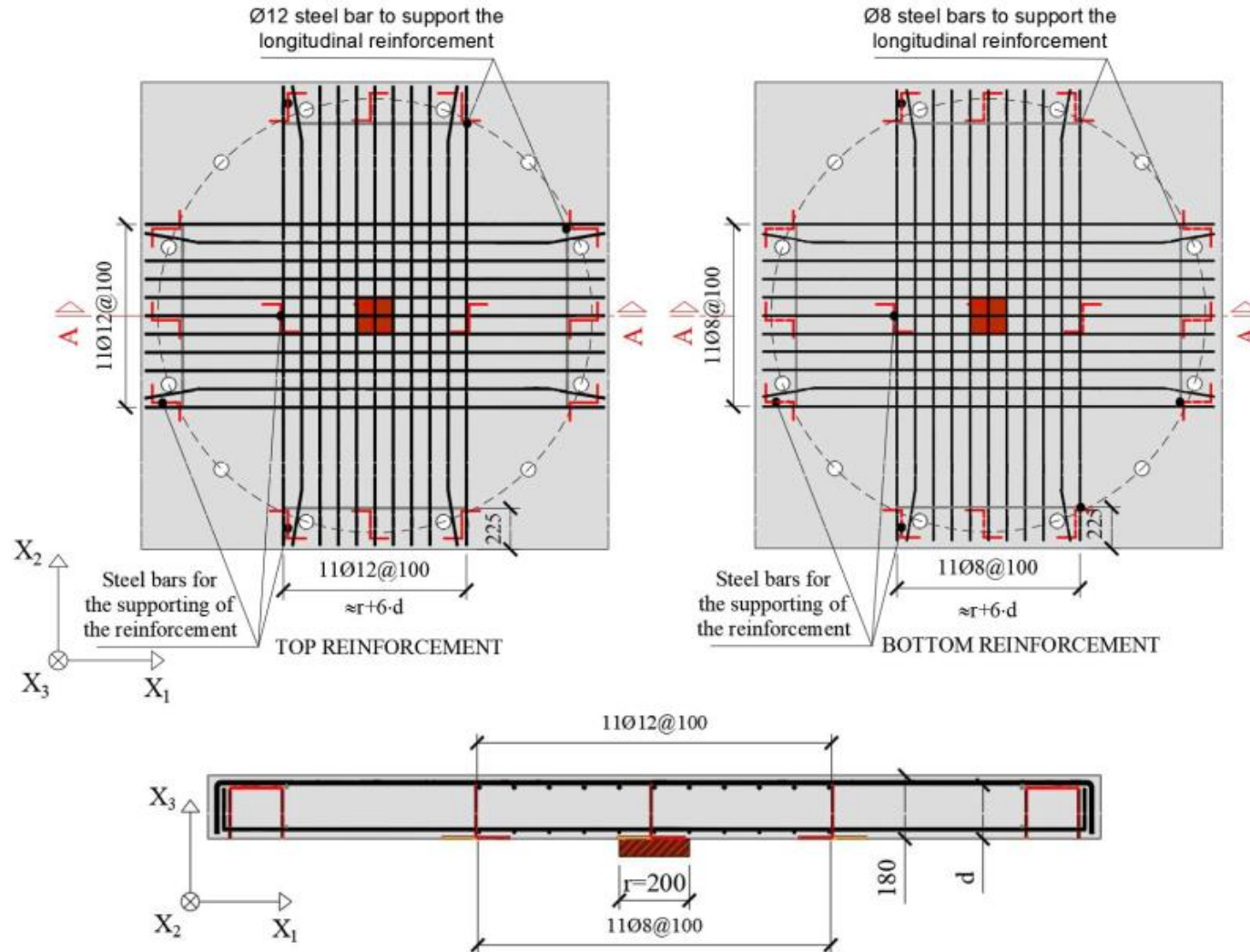
Krishna Ajithkumar Pillai

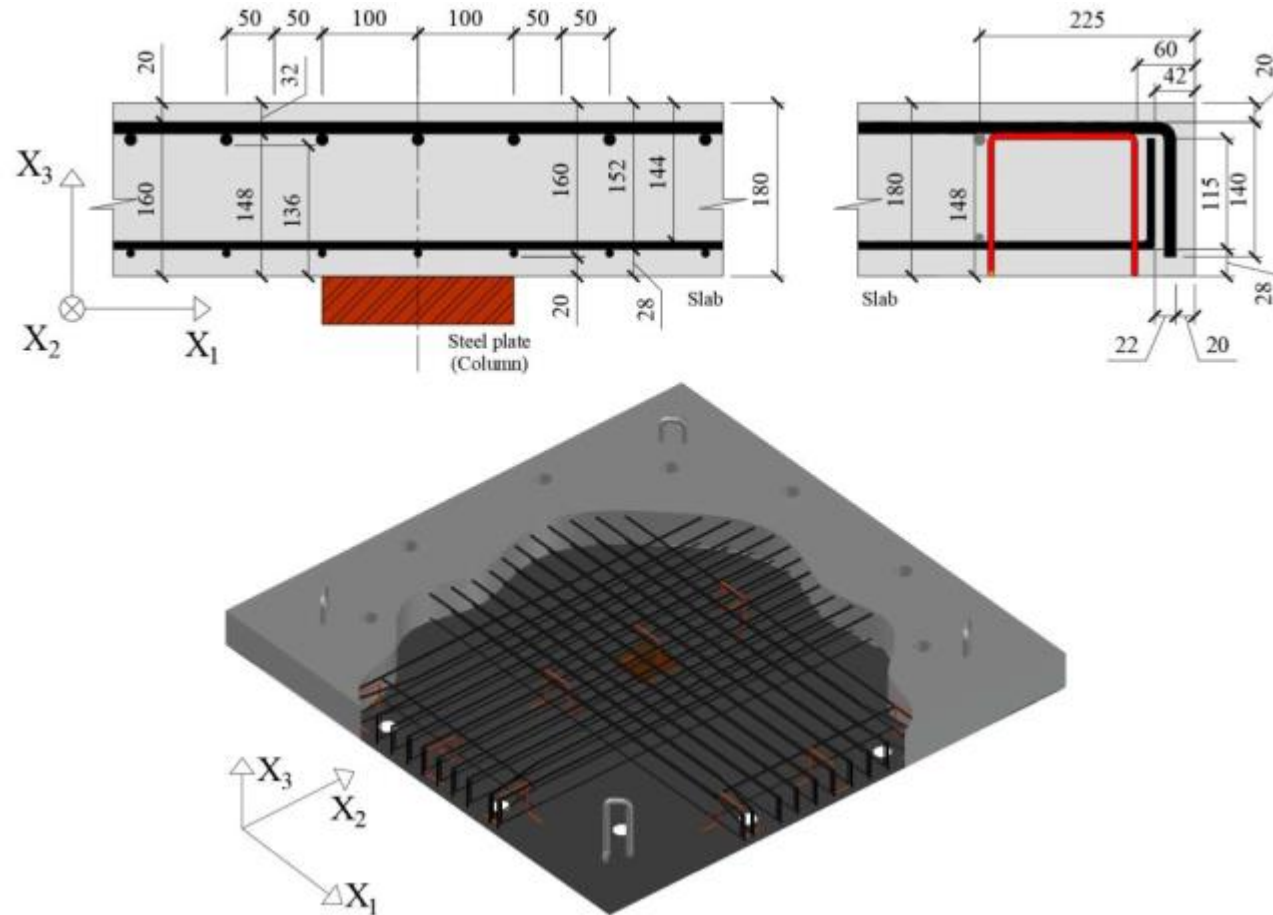
Projects SFRC

- Industrial floors
- Steel fibre under water concrete (CROW)
- Wind turbine foundations
- Precast concrete basements









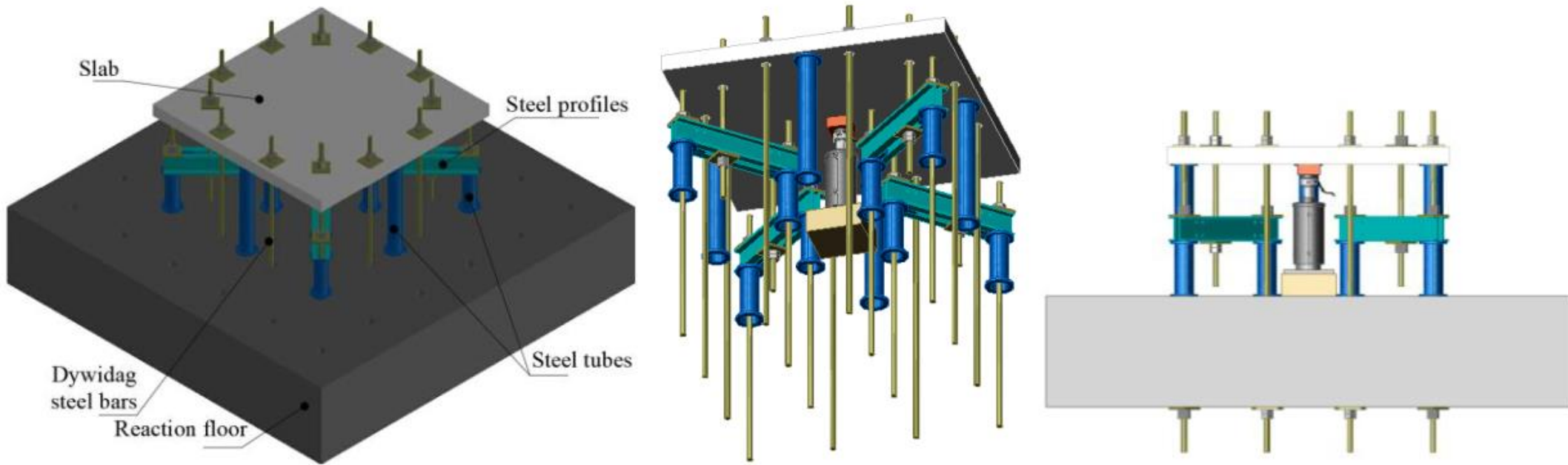
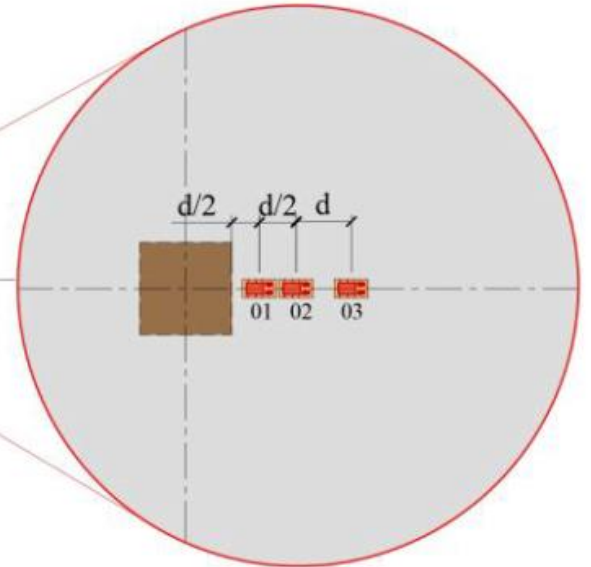
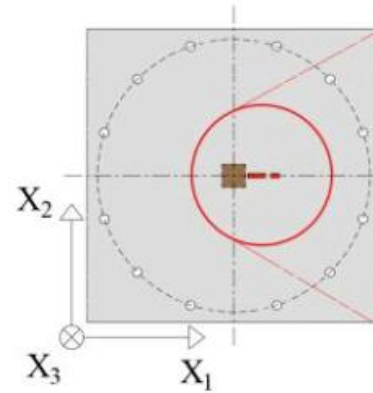
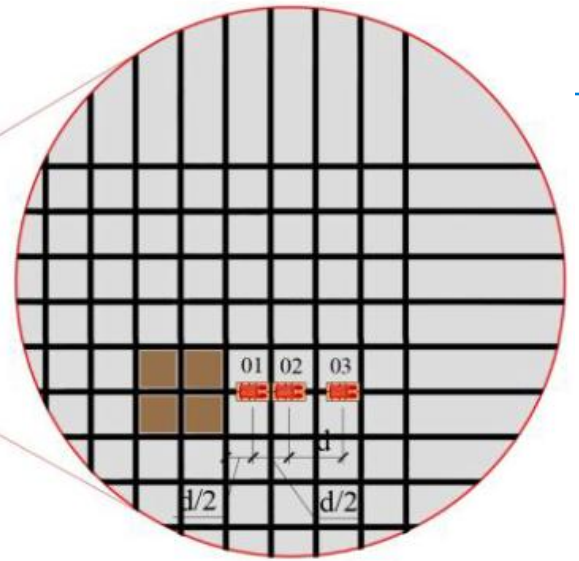
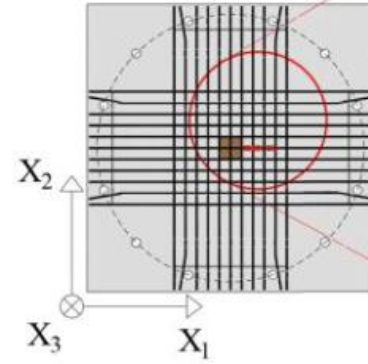
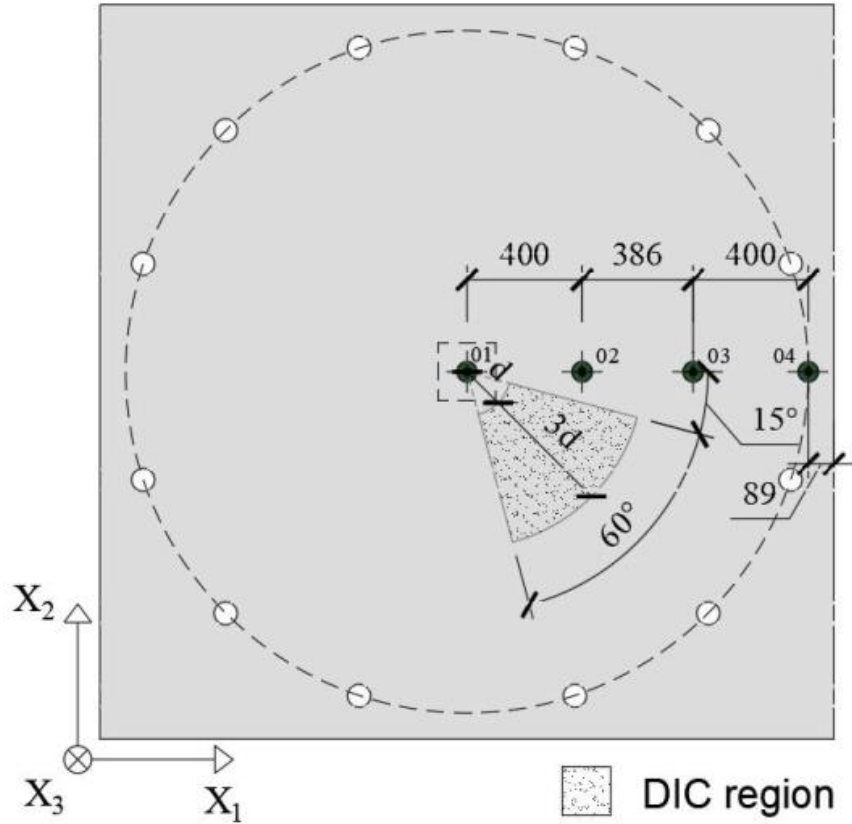


Figure 4. Test setup of the R/SFRC slab prototypes.





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CIVI TEST

ArcelorMittal

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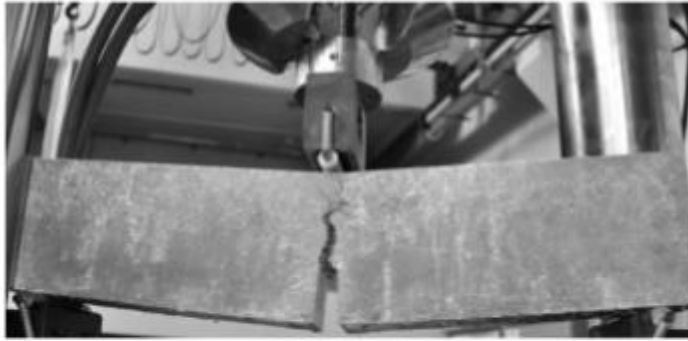
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LABORATÓRIO DE ESTRUTURAS U. MINHO

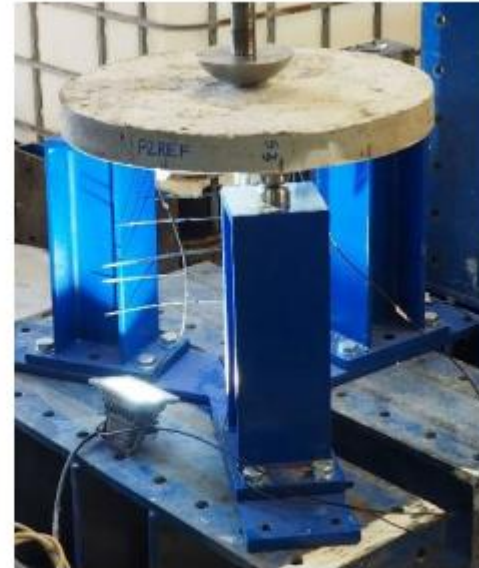
47:45 / 48:32

Material properties

- Concrete mix composition
- 60 kg/m³ steel fibres HE++ 90/60
- Secant modulus of elasticity in compression
- Compressive strength (~C50/60)
- Bending tensile strength results (EN 14651)
- Small round panel test results (SRDP)
- Reinforcement tensile test results (EN ISO 6982-1)

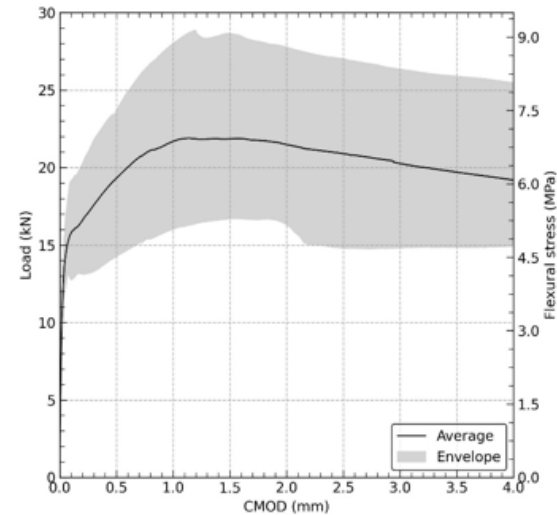
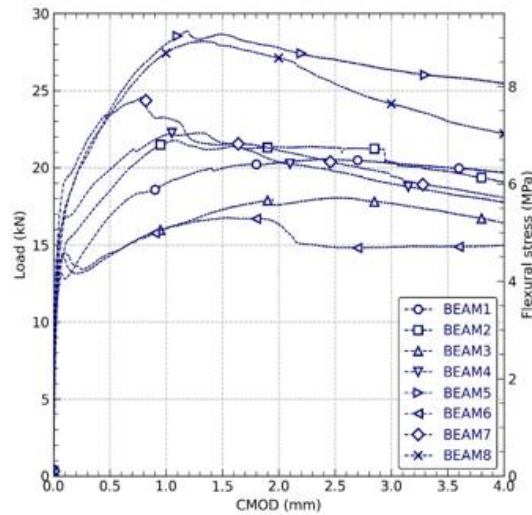
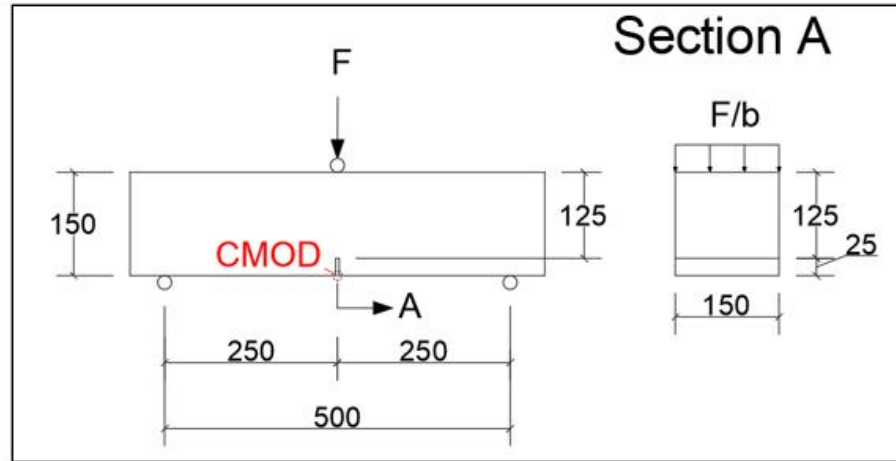


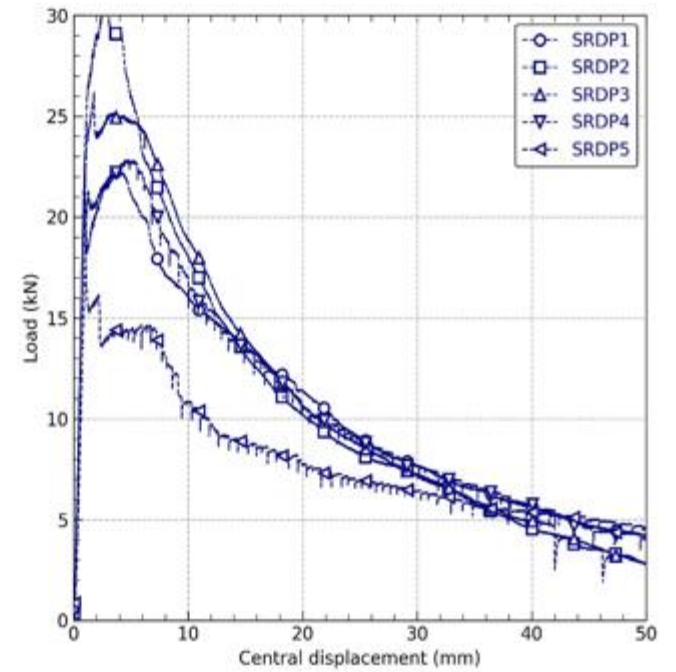
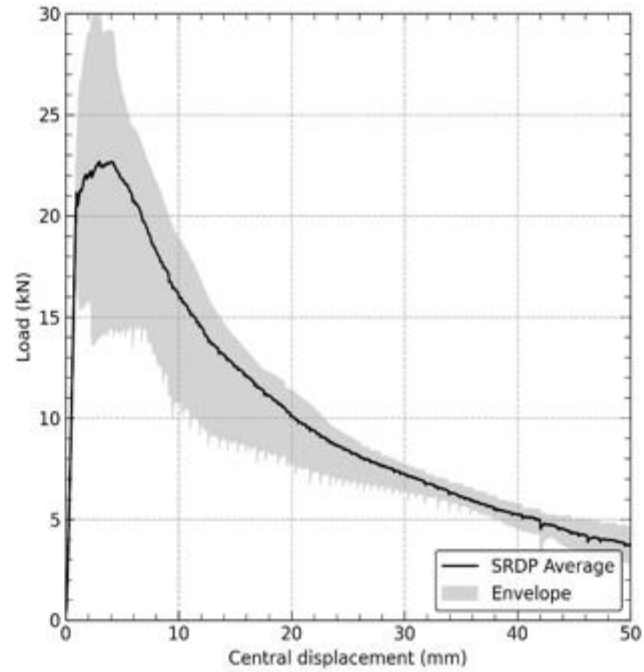
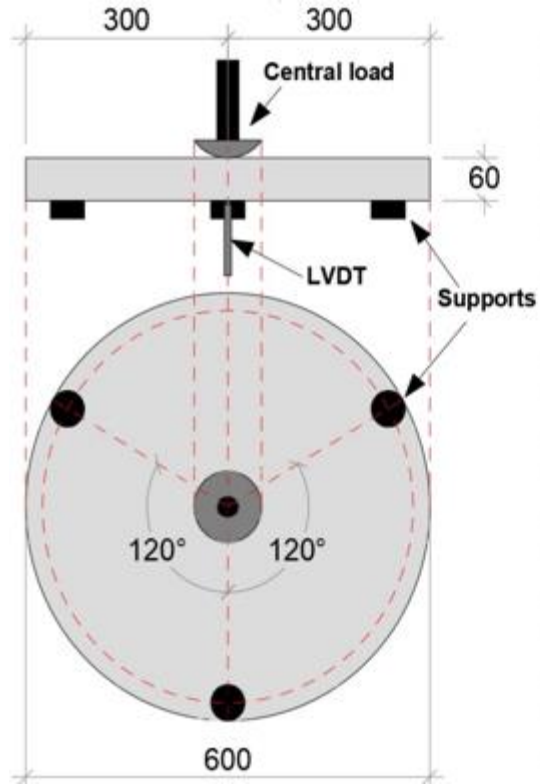
(a)

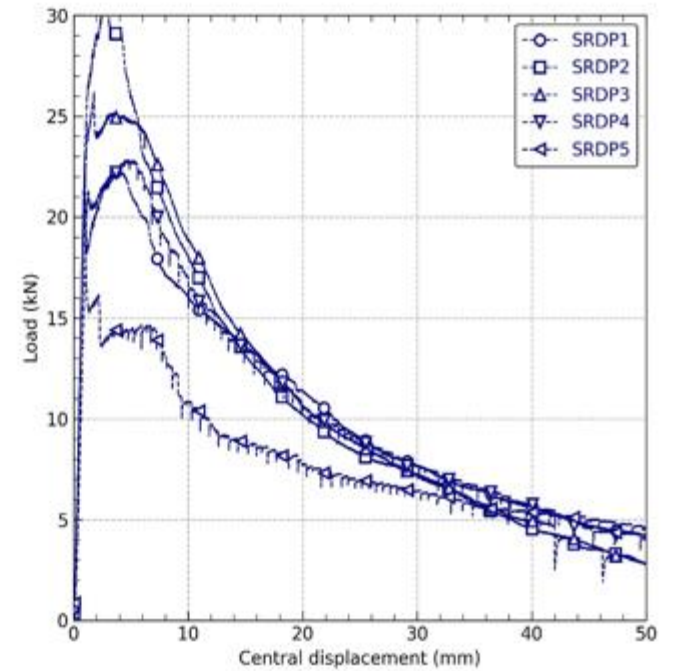
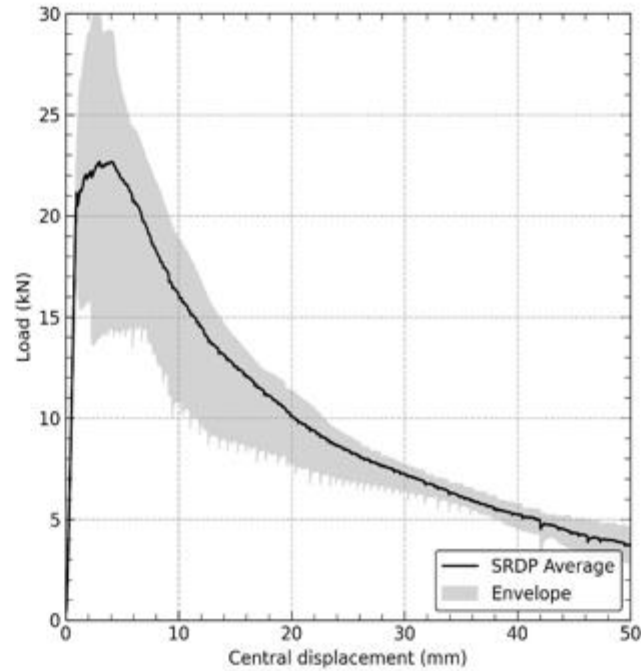
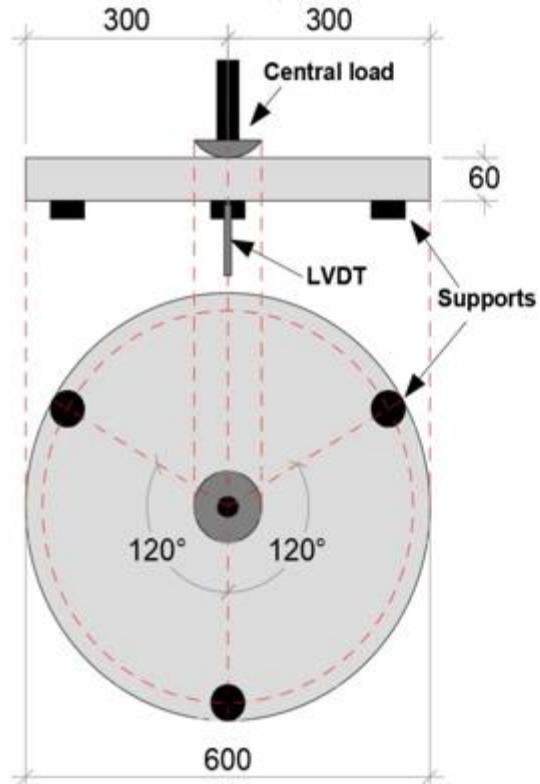


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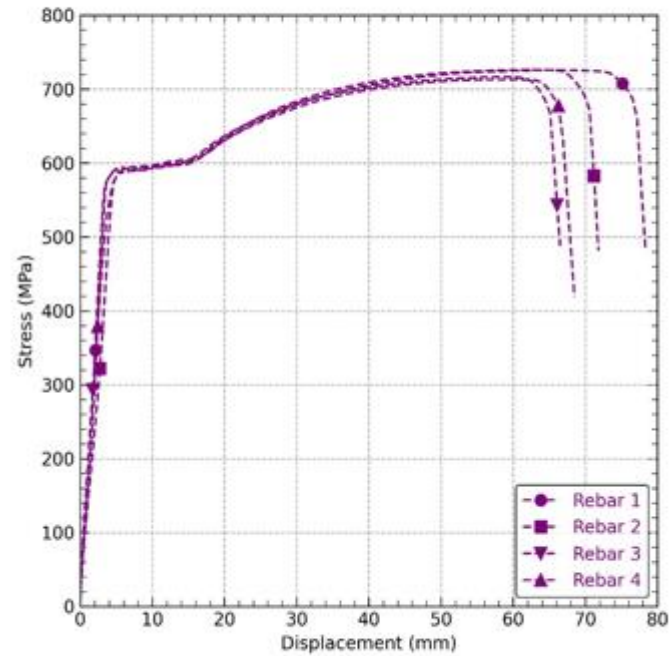
Figure 3. Test set up of (a) Three-point notched beam bending test, and (b) round panel test.



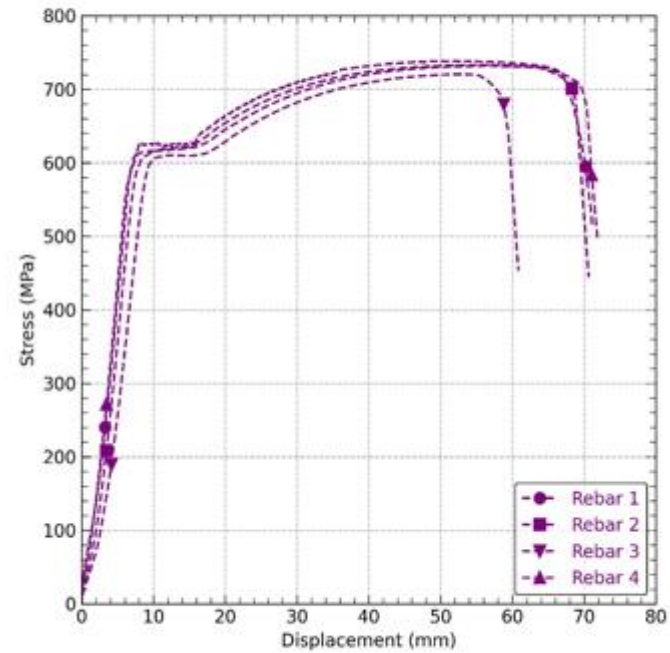




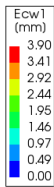
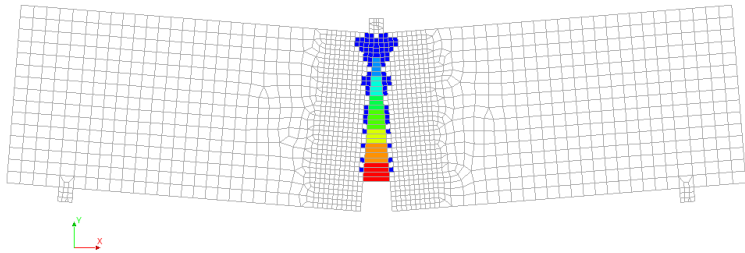
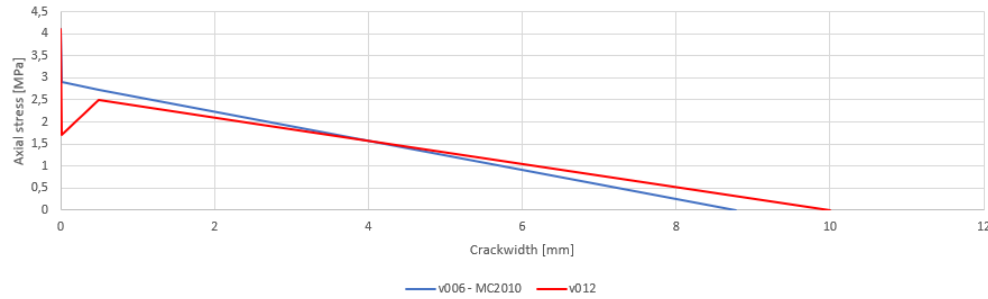
8mm rebars graphic



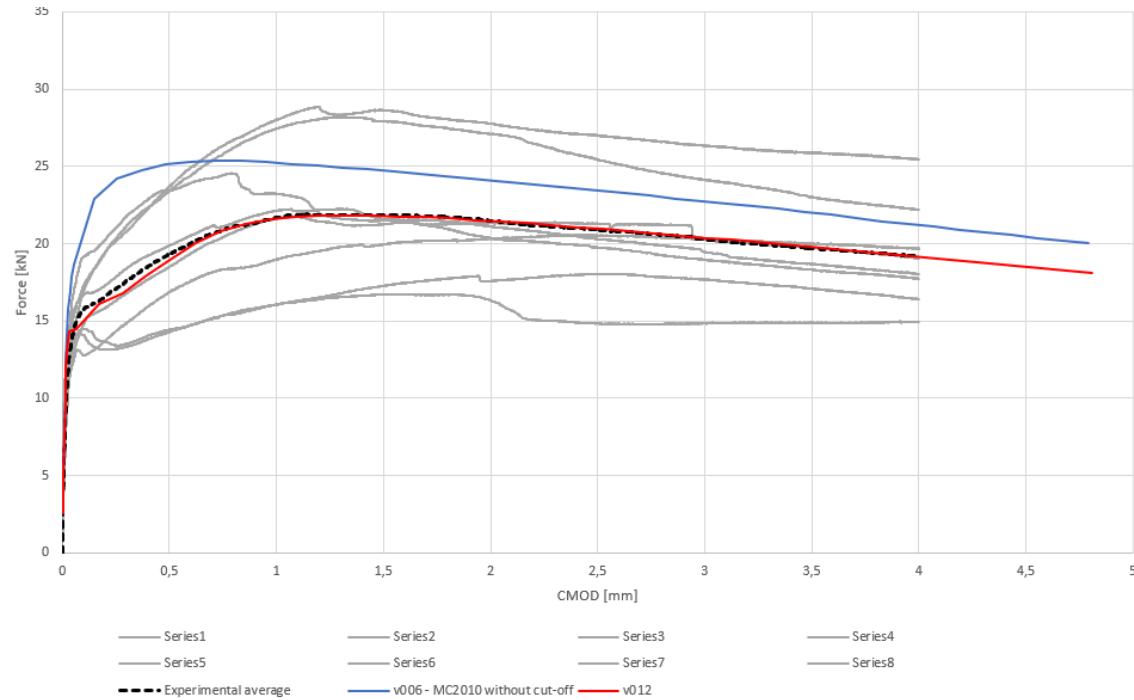
12mm rebars graphic

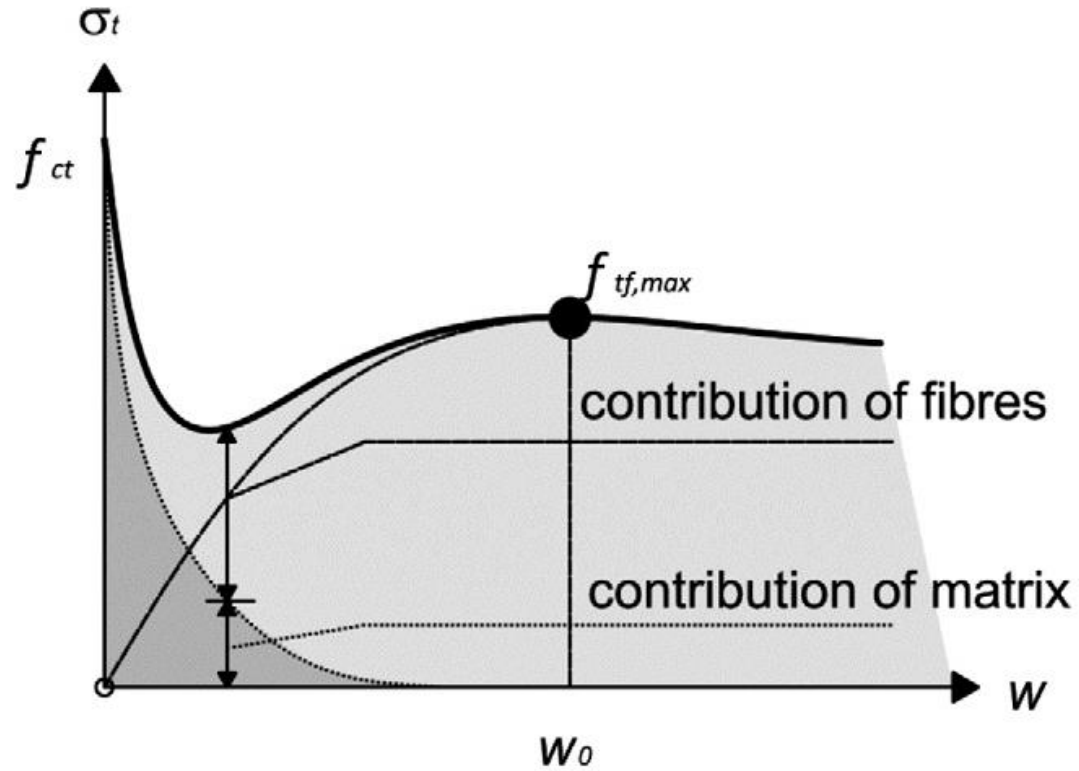


Input crackwidth - stress



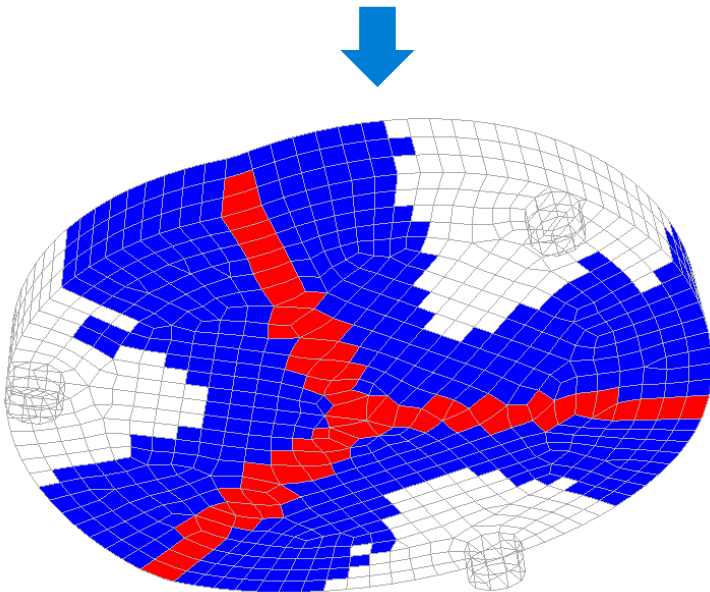
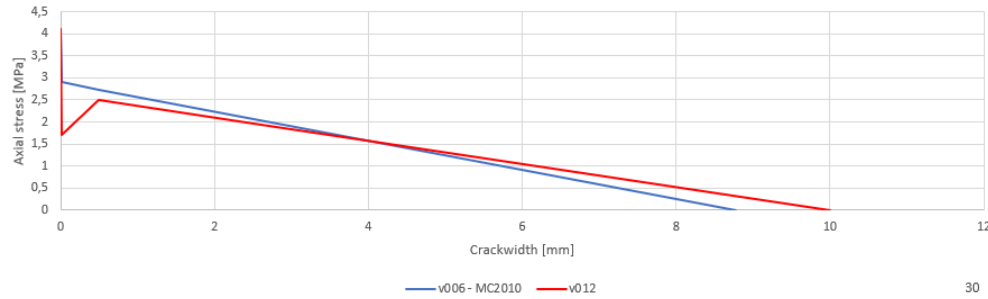
Force - CMOD diagram



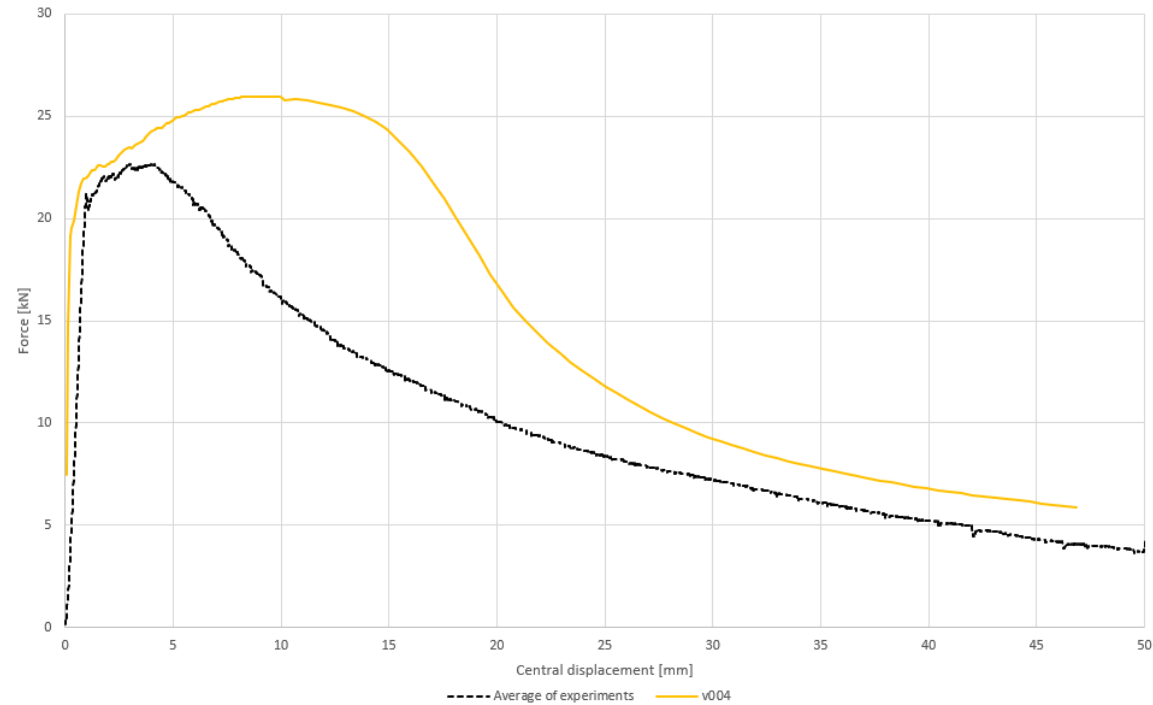


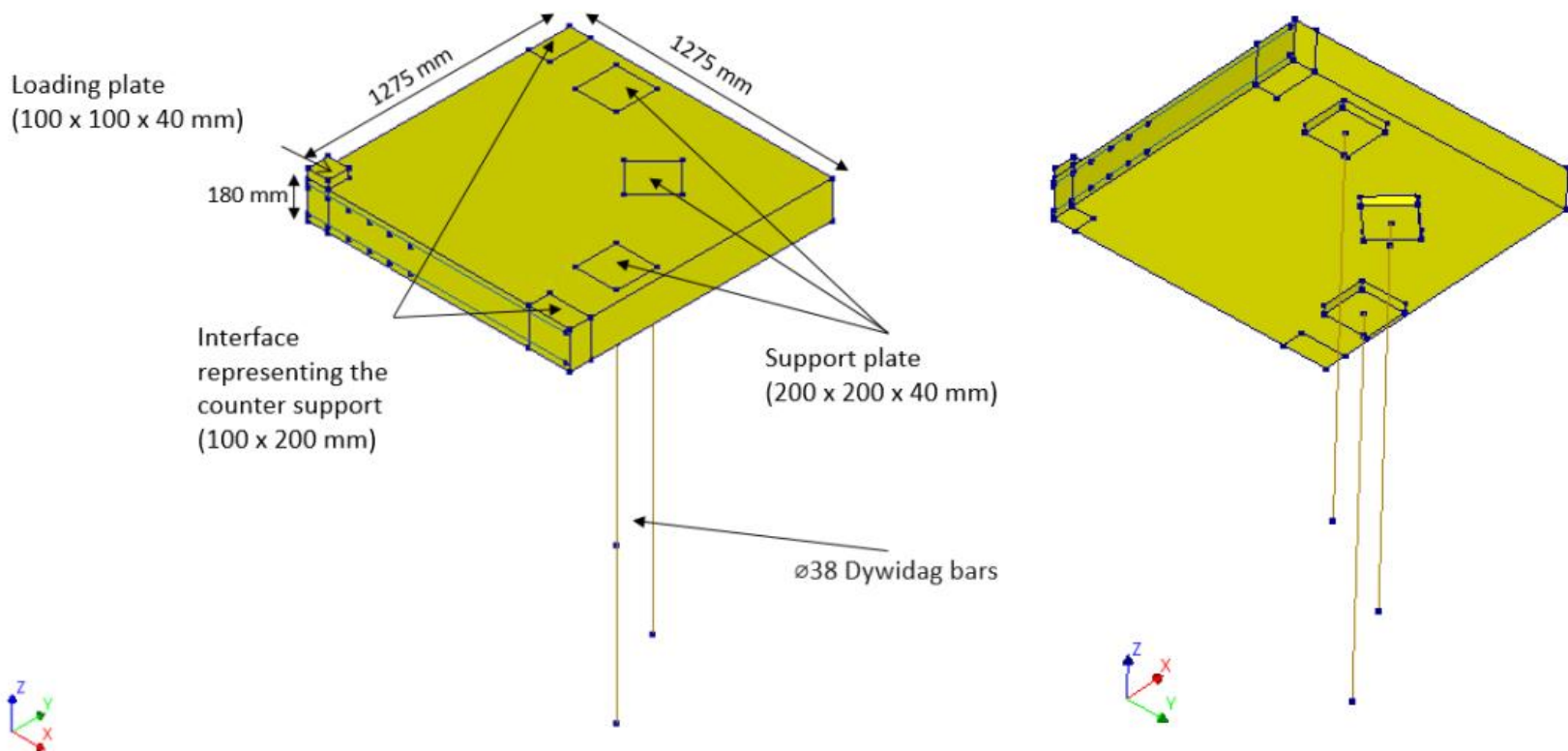
Source: Punching shear strength of steel fibre reinforced concrete slabs, Maya et al., Engineering Structures, 1 July 2012

Input crackwidth - stress



SRDP experiments vs DIANA





(a) Top isometric view

(b) Bottom isometric view

Figure 1: Geometry of the numerical model of the test setup in DIANA FEA 10.5.

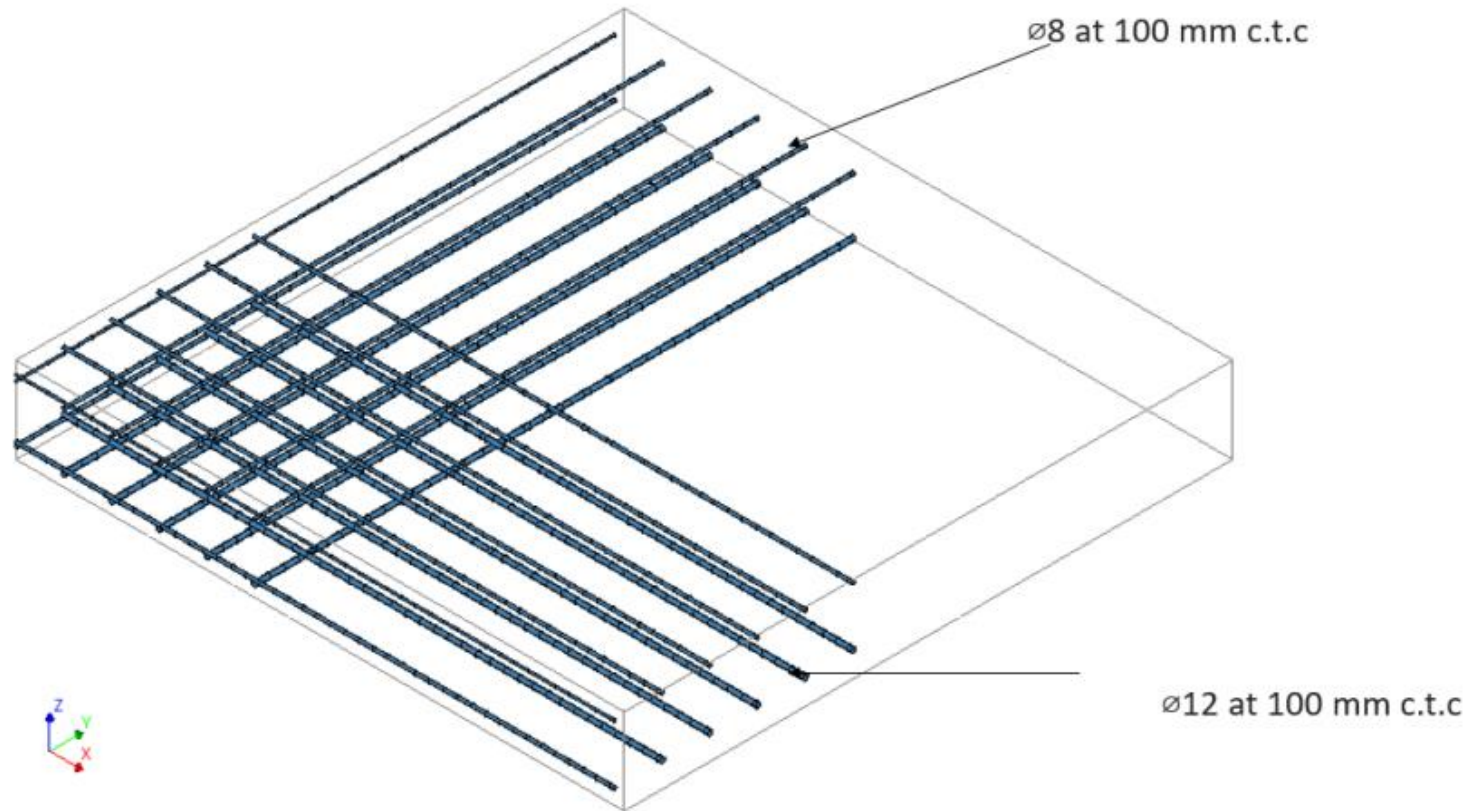
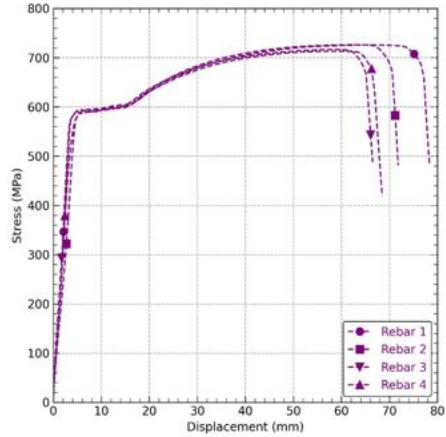
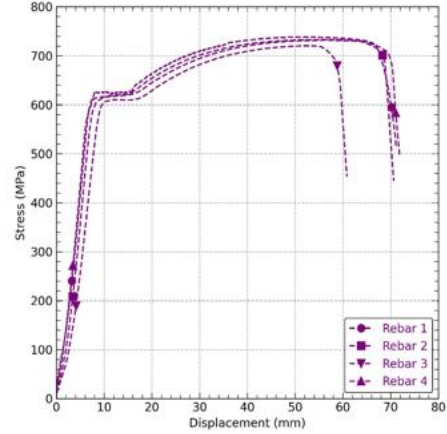


Figure 2: Flexural reinforcement

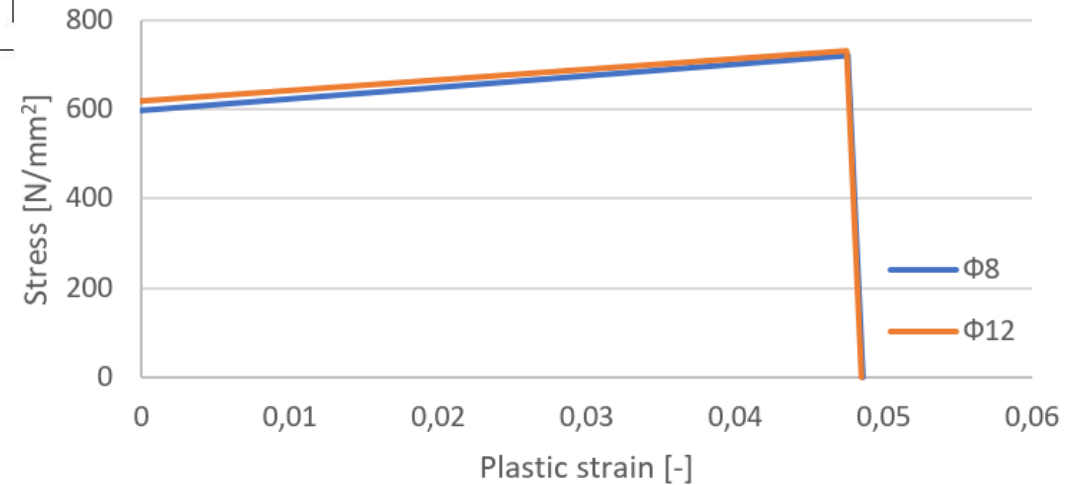
8mm rebars graphic

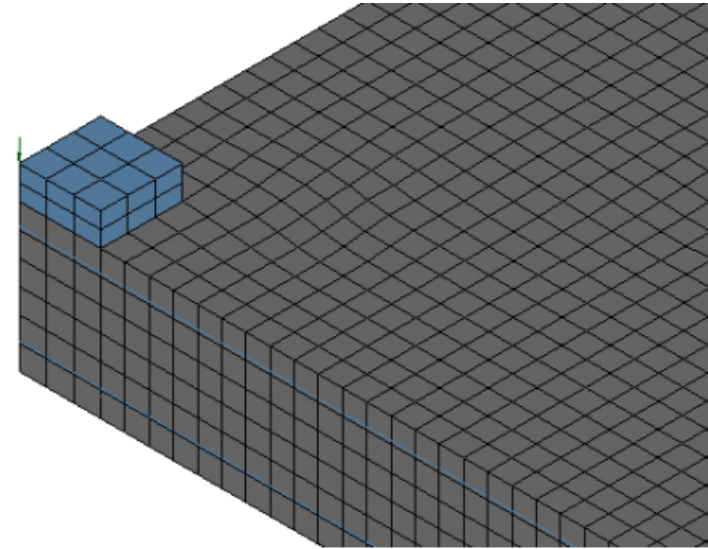
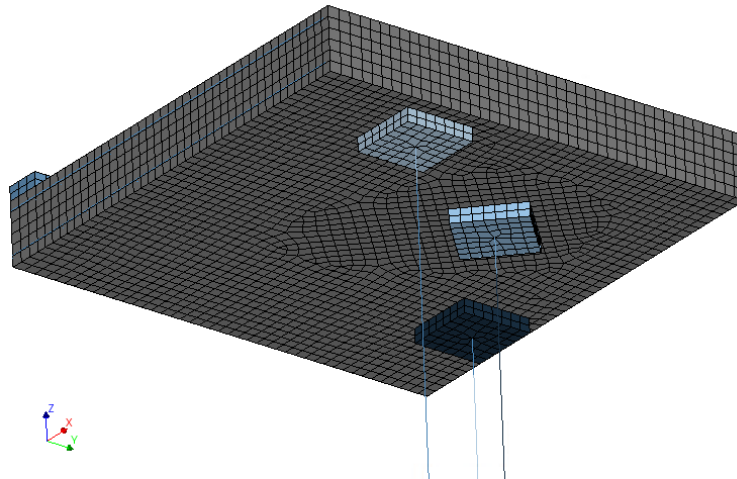
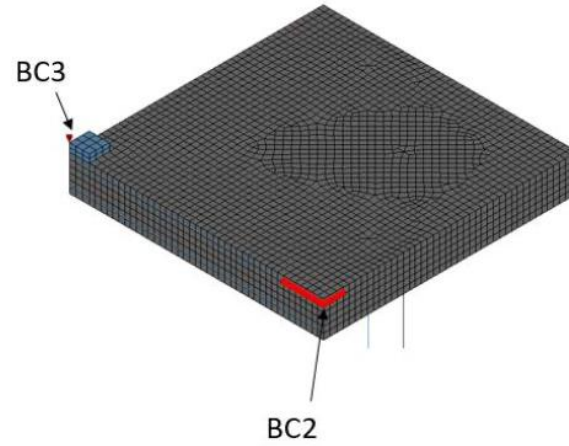
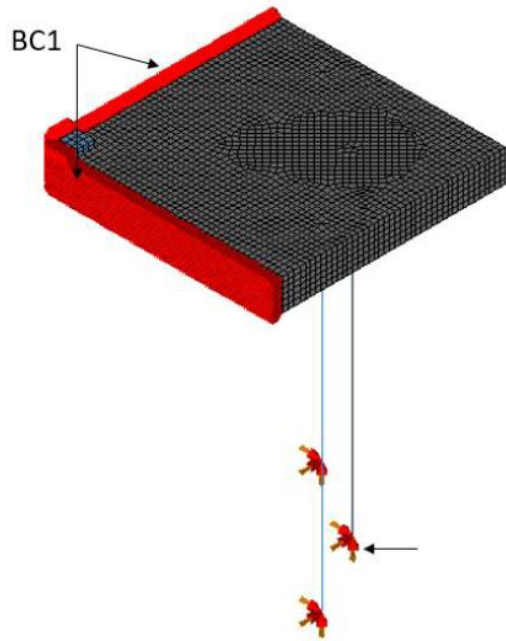


12mm rebars graphic



Plastic strain vs yield stress

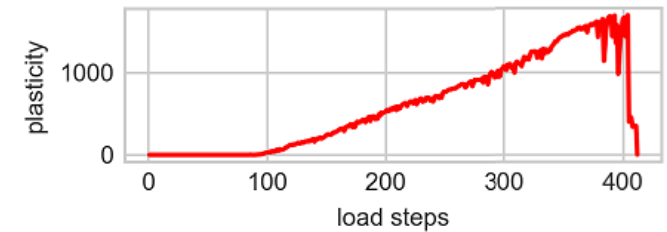
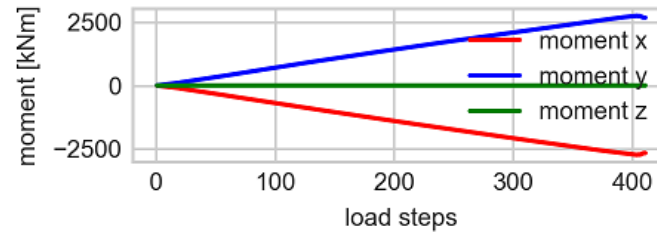
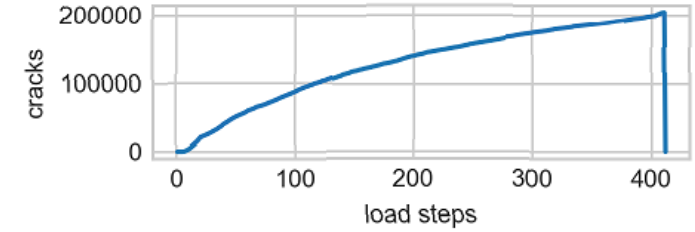
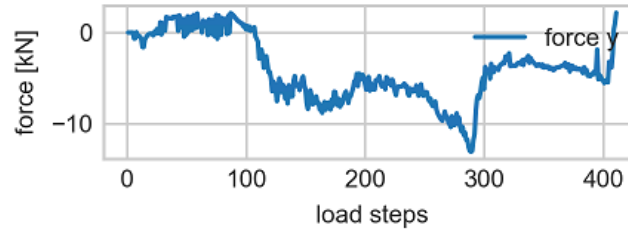
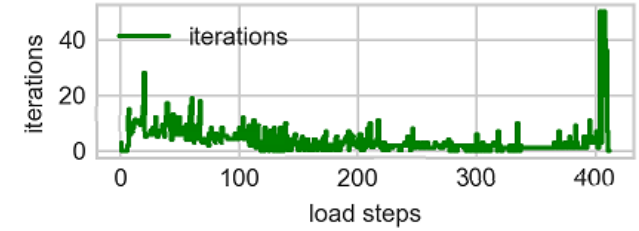
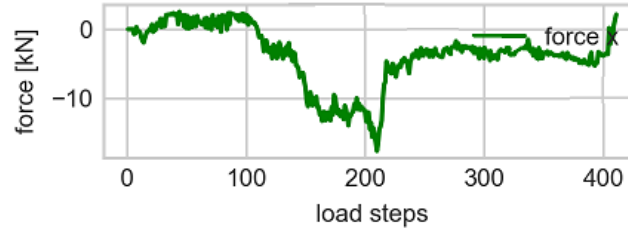
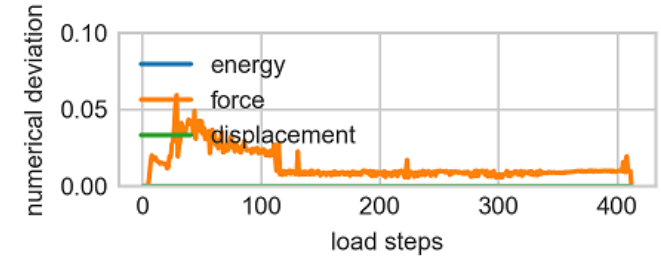
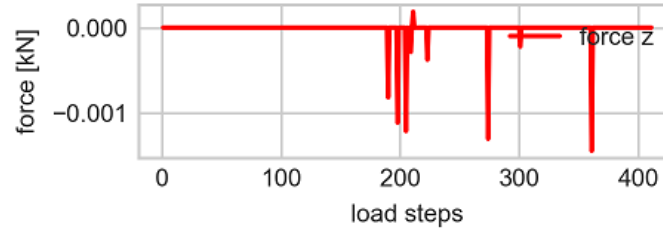


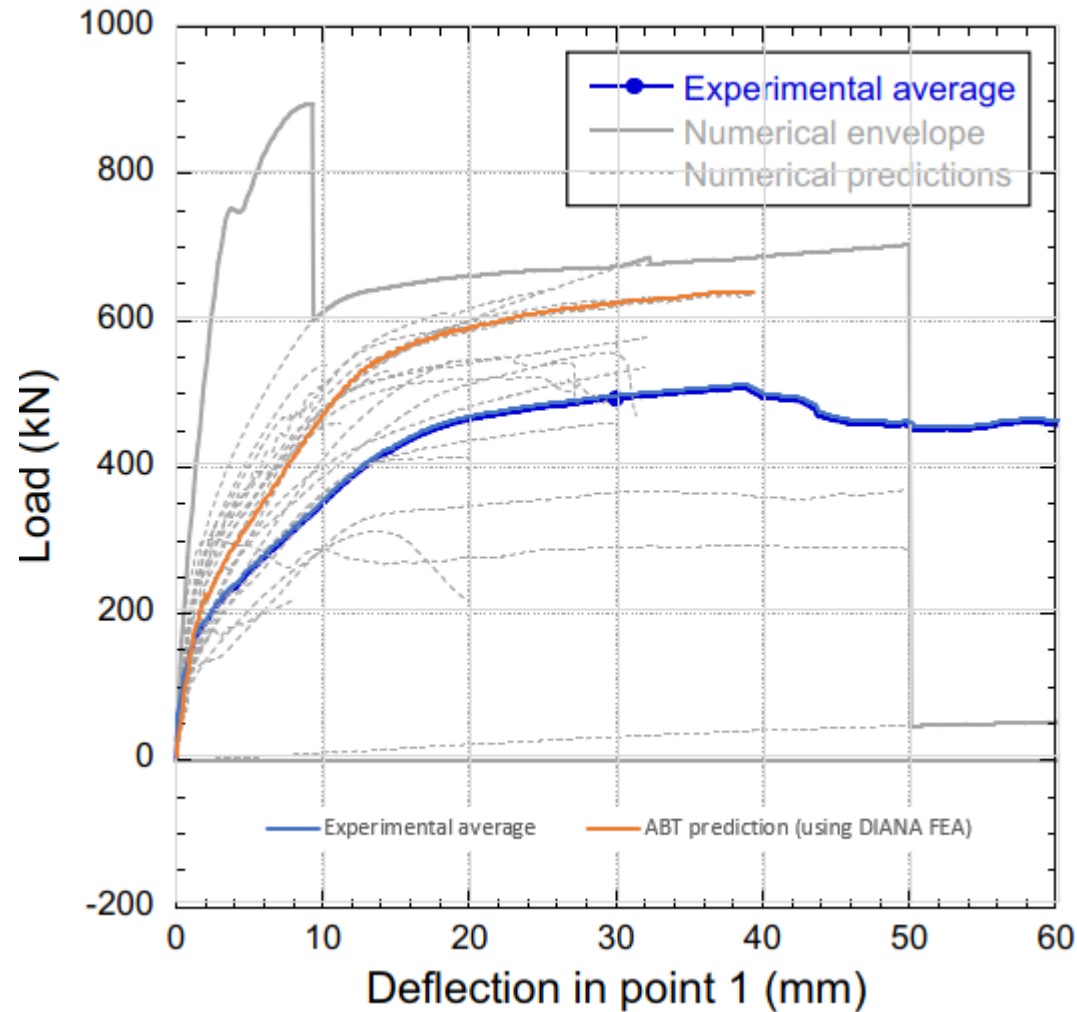


Analysis settings

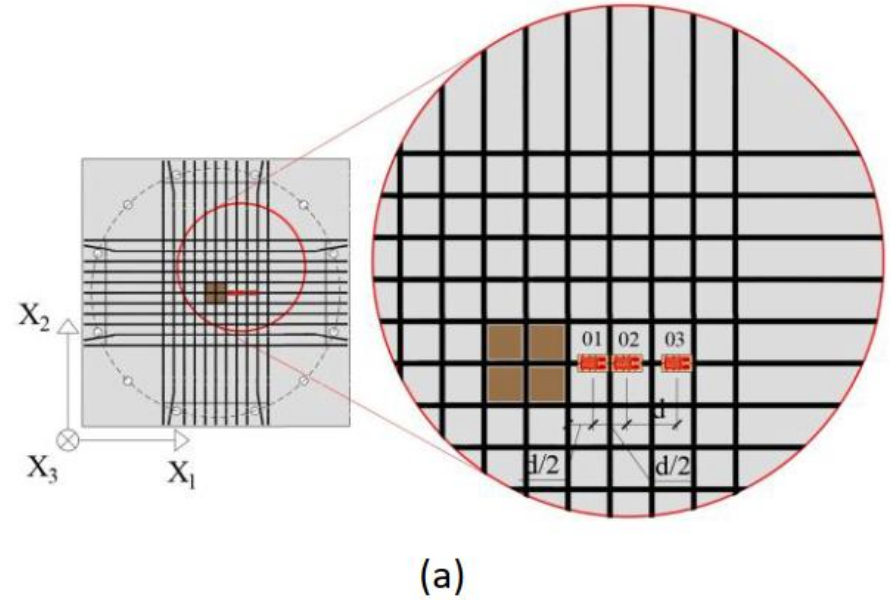
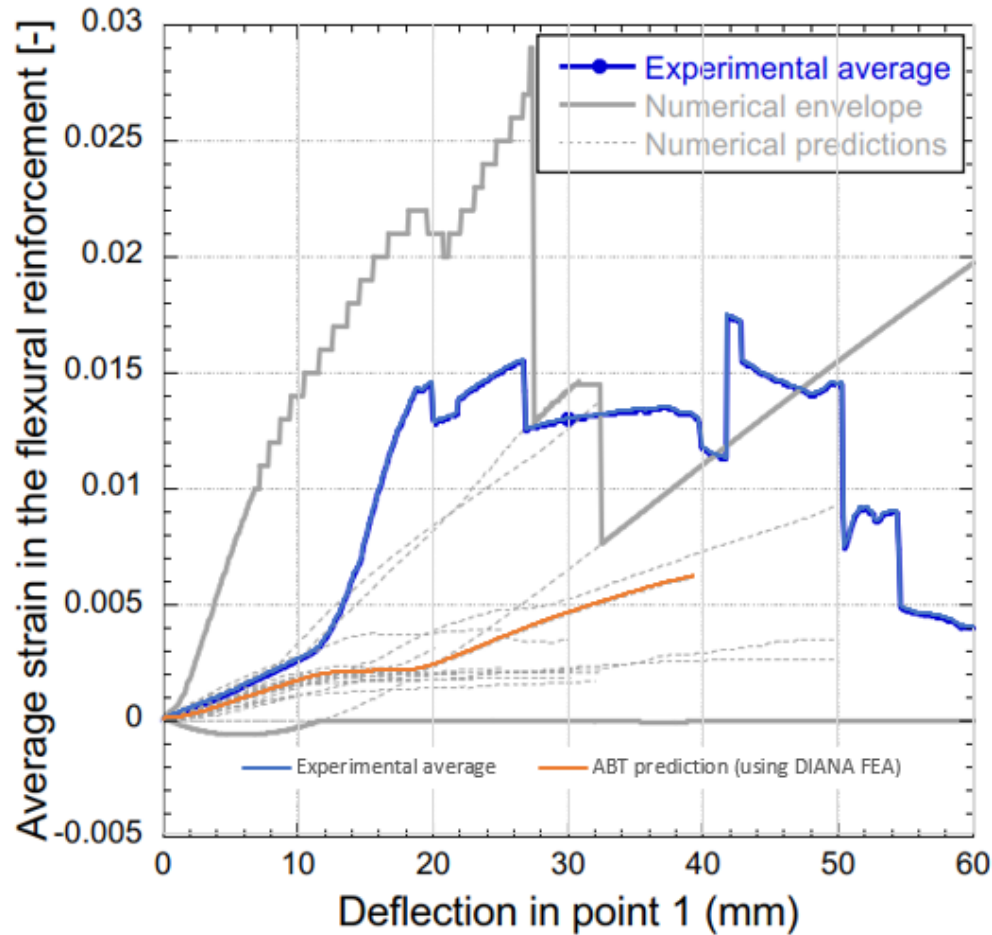
- Displacement control, 500 steps x 0.1 mm = 50 mm
- Regular Newton Raphson with line search
- Convergence on force tolerance 0.01
- Convergence on energy tolerance 0.001
- No simultaneous convergence required
- Max 50 iterations per step
- Continue when no convergence

Elapsed time: 9 hours 9 minutes 31 seconds

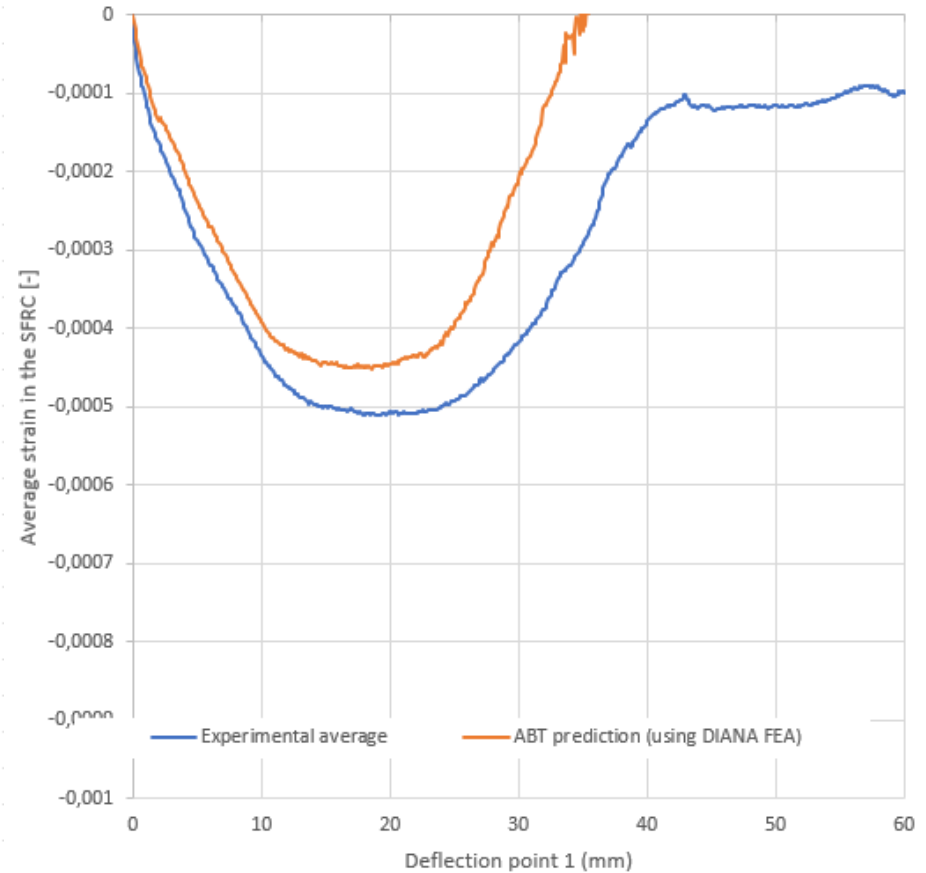
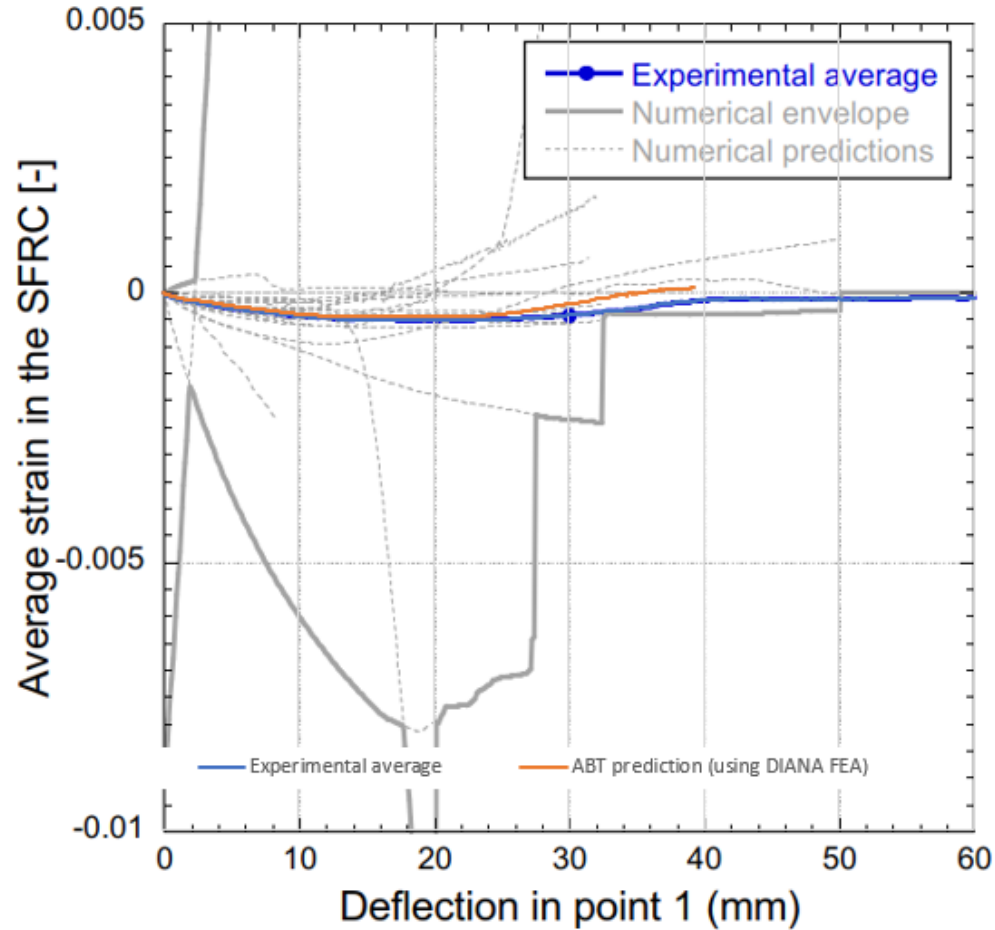




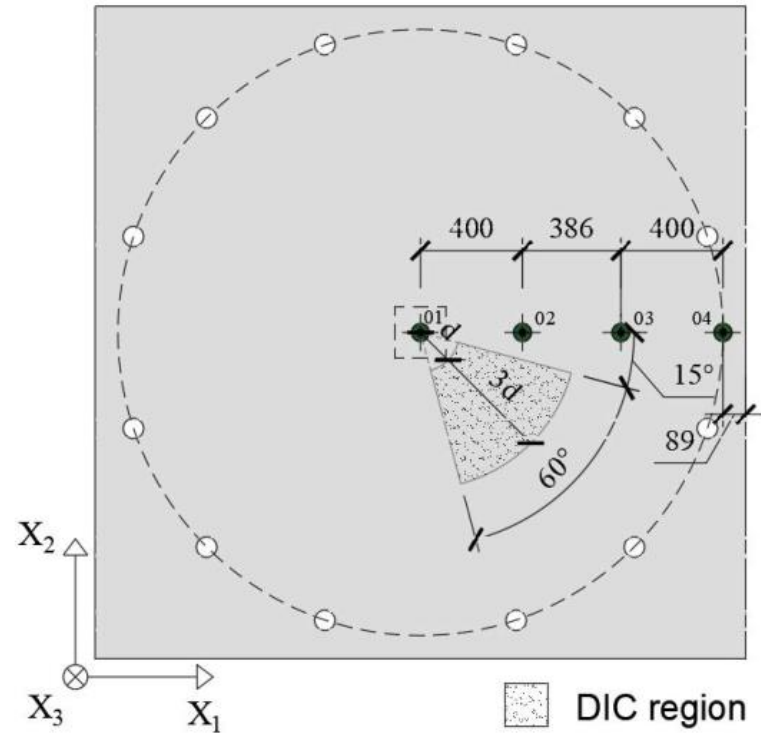
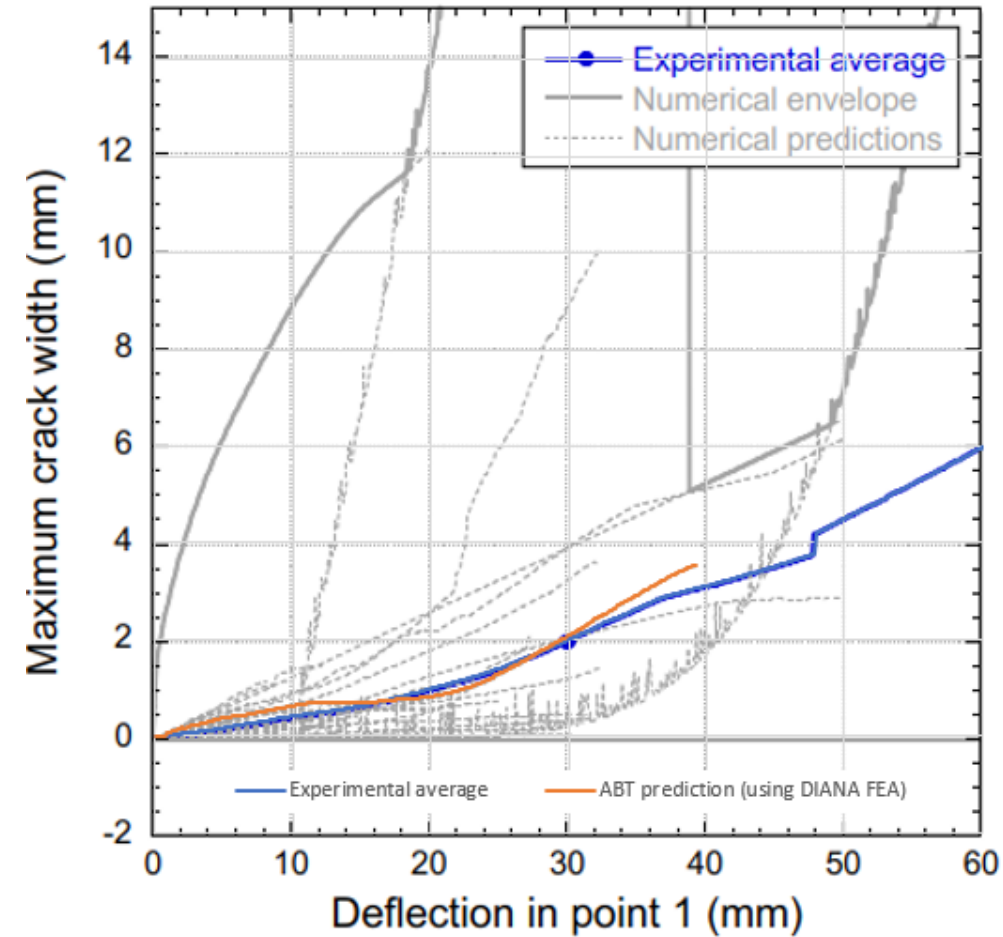
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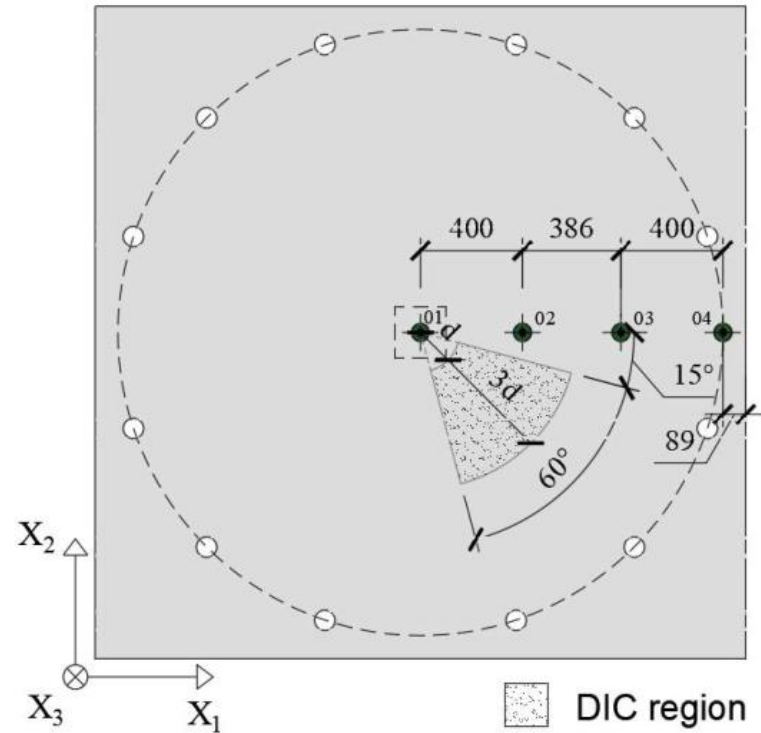
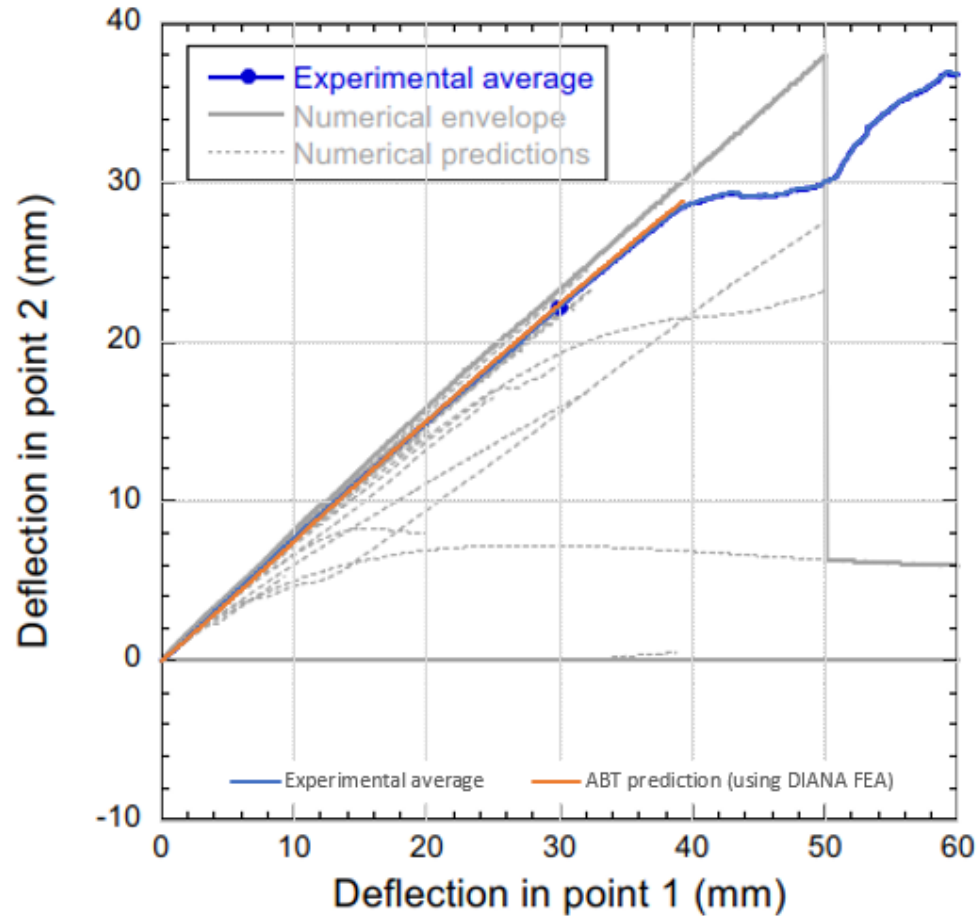
Contribution to score: 20%



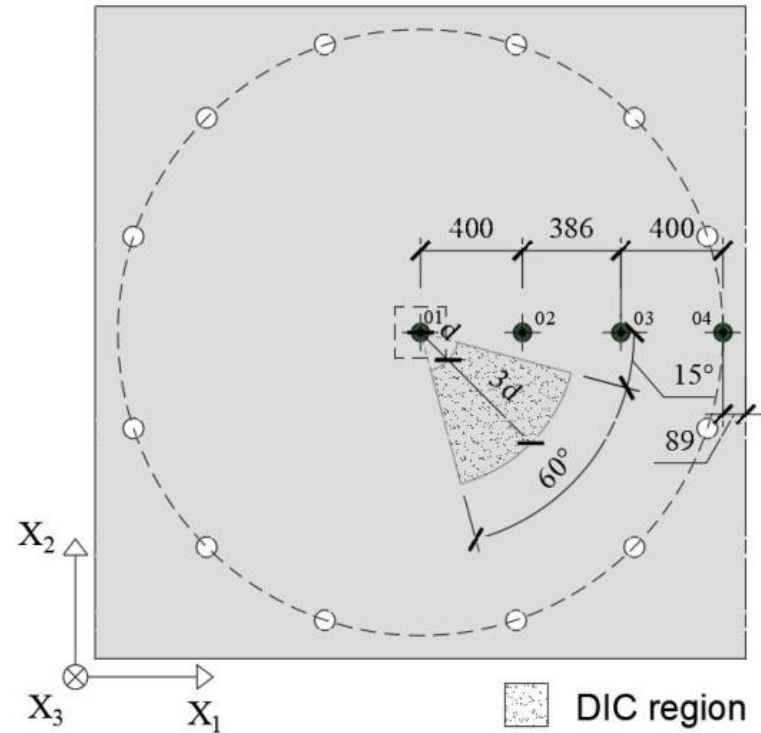
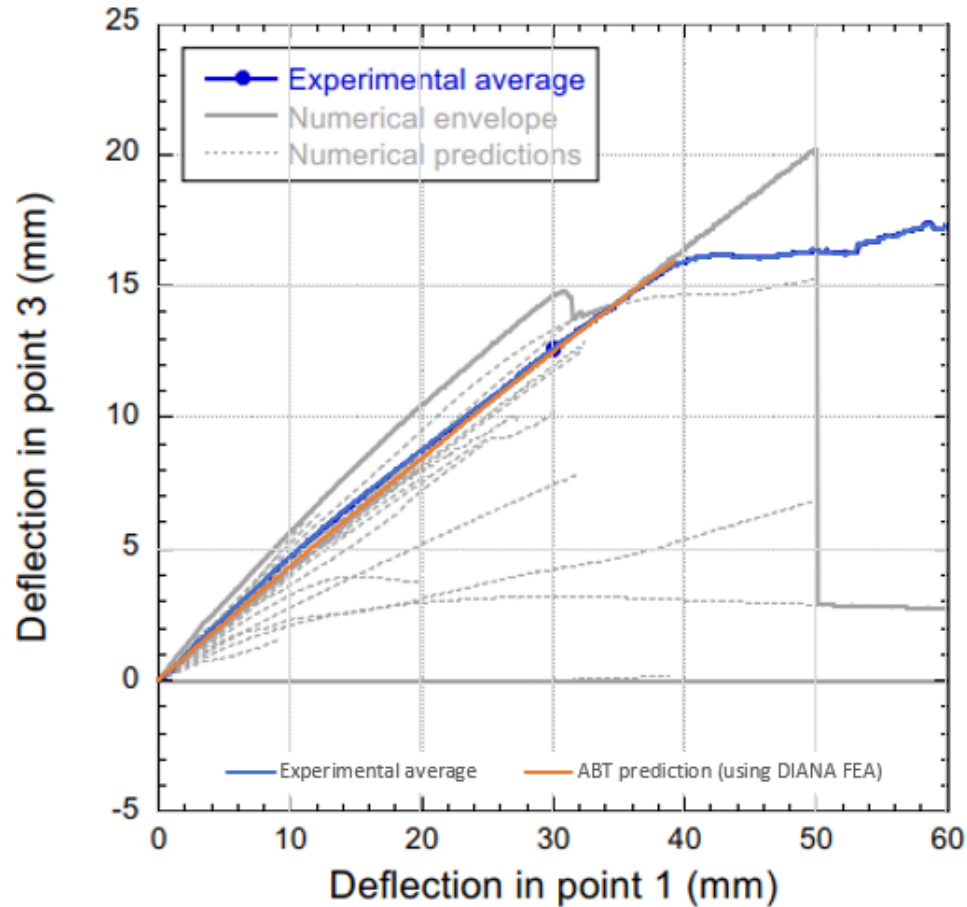
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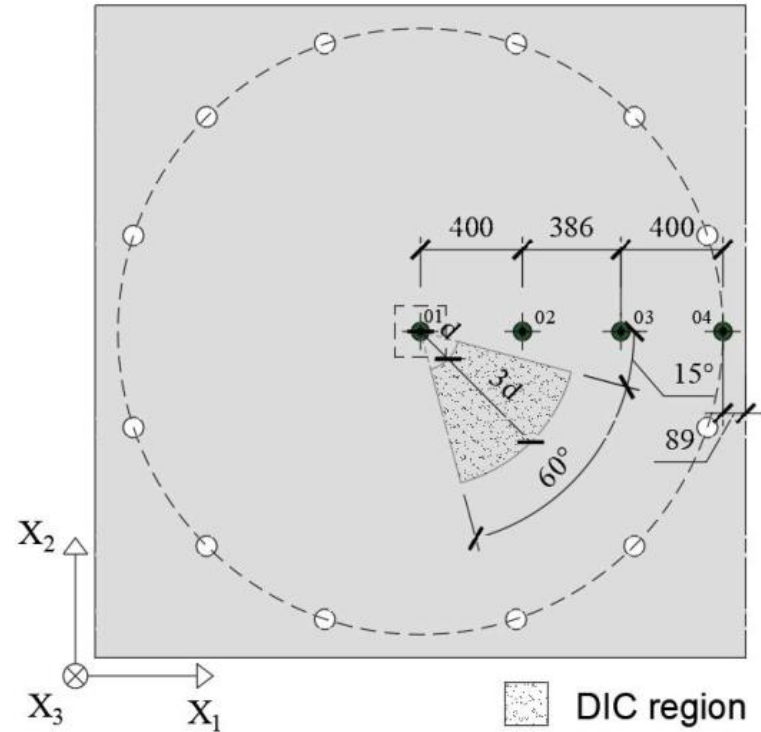
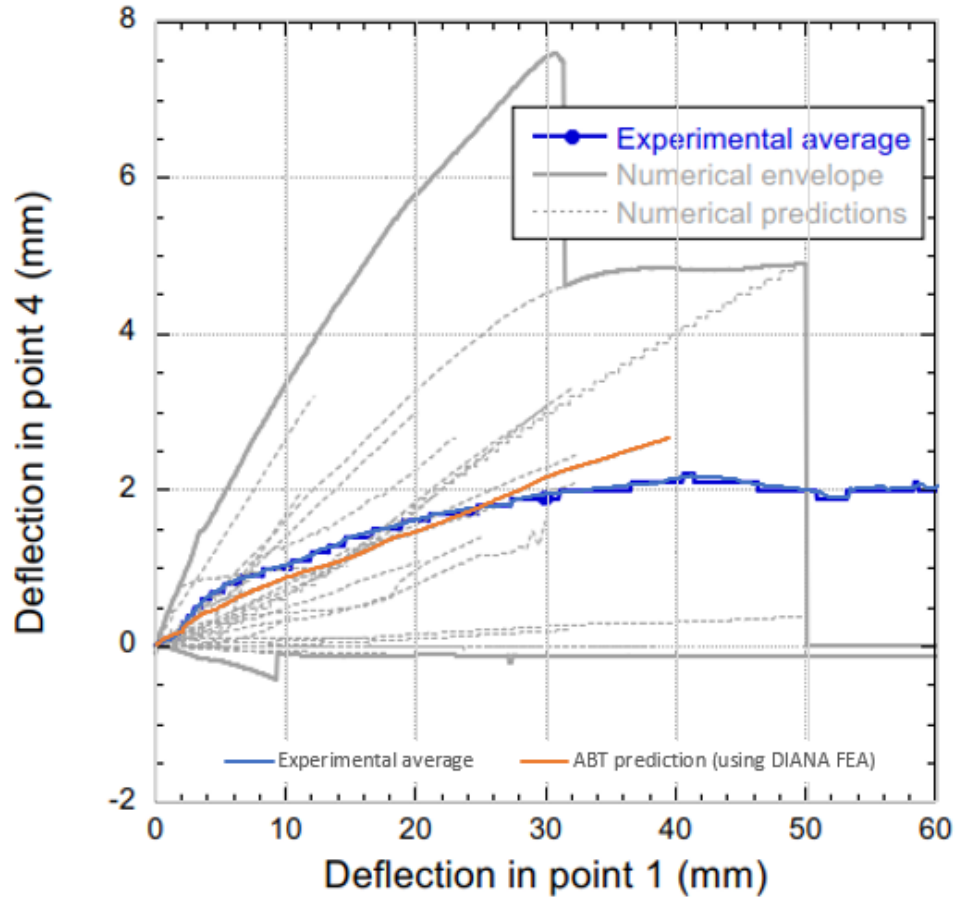
Contribution to score: 20%



Contribution to score: 5%

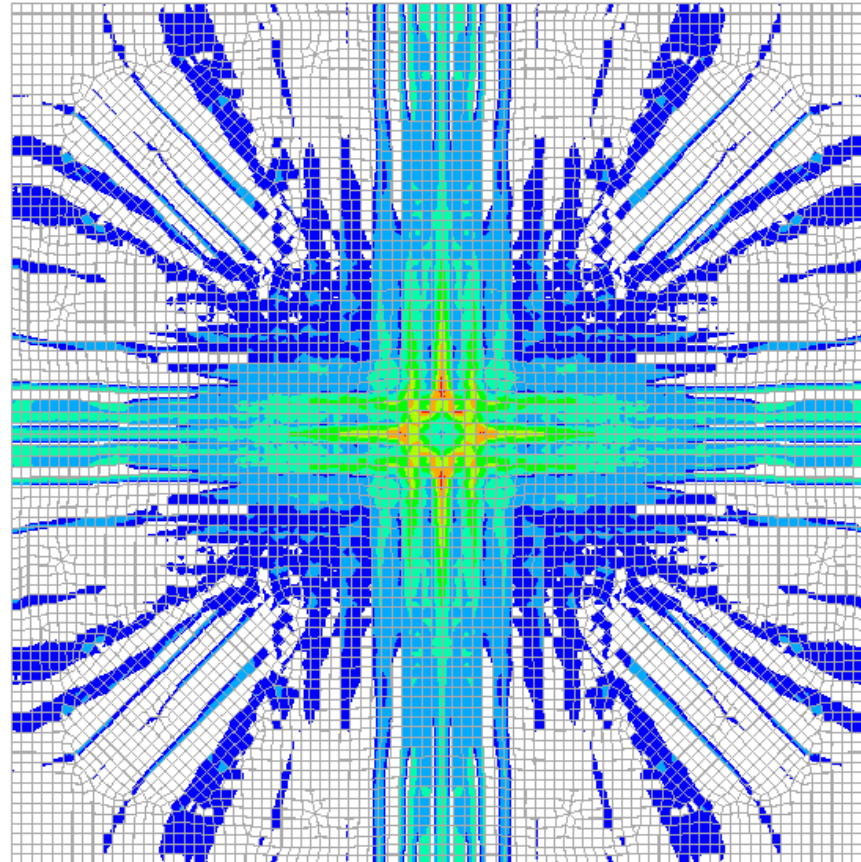


Contribution to score: 5%



Contribution to score: 5%

Blind competition punching SFRC 2023 - ABT submission - v008 embedded
 Load-step 393, Load-factor 39.300, test load
 Crack-widths Ecw1
 min: 0.00mm max: 5.13mm



Conclusions

- Excellent blind competition
 - Detailed input information
 - Detailed explanation of rules
 - Live stream of experiments
 - Detailed information about results
- ABT predicted displacements, crack width and concrete compressive strain very accurately
- ABT overestimated capacity by about 25% (!)
- Experimental results for steel strain are debatable

Questions?



Lex van der Meer
l.vd.meer@abt.eu